Classes of Subjects by this Act assigned exclusively to the Legislatures of the Provinces.

And any Matter coming within any of the Classes of Subjects enumerated in this Section shall not be deemed to come within the Class of Matters of a local or private Nature comprised in the Enumeration of the Classes of Subjects by this Act assigned exclusively to the Legislatures of the Provinces.

Exclusive Powers of Provincial Legislatures.

92. In each Province the Legislature may exclusively make Laws in relation to Subjects of exclu-Matters coming within the Classes of Subjects next hereinafter enumerated, that is sive Provincial

- to say,-I. The Amendment from Time to Time, notwithstanding anything in this Act, of the Constitution of the Province, except as regards the Office of Lieutenant
 - Governor. 2. Direct Taxation within the Province in order to the raising of a Revenue for Provincial Parposes.
 - 3. The horrowing of Money on the sole Credit of the Province.
 - The Establishment and Tenure of Provincial Offices and the Appointment and 4. Payment of Provincial Officers.
 - 5. The Management and Sale of the Public Lands belonging to the Province and of the Timber and Wood thereon.

 - The Establishment, Maintenance, and Management of Public and Reformatory Prisons in and for the Province.
 The Establishment, Maintenance, and Management of Hospitals, Asylums, Charities, and Eleemosynary Institutions in and for the Province, other the Morris Hospital than Marine Hospitals.
- .8. Municipal Institutions in the Province.

9. Shop, Saloon, Tavern, Auctioneer, and other Licences in order to the raising of a Revenue for Provincial, Local or Municipal Purposes. 10. Local Works and Undertakings other than such as are of the following

- Classes
 - a. Lines of Steam or other Ships, Railways, Canals, Telegraphs and other Works and Undertakings connecting the Province with any other or others of the Provinces, or extending beyond the limits of the Province :
- Lines of Steam Ships between the Province and any British or Foreign Country:
 Such Works as, although wholly situate within the Province, are before or after their Execution declared by the Parliament of Canada to be for the general Advantage of Canada, or for the Advantage of Two or more of the Provinces. 11. The Incorporation of Companies with Provincial Objects.
- The Solemnization of Marriage in the Province.
 Property and Civil Rights in the Province.
- 14. The Administration of Justice in the Province, including the Constitution, Maintenance, and Organization of Provincial Courts, both of Civil and of Criminal Jurisdiction, and including Procedure in Civil Matters in those Courts.
- 15. The Imposition of Punishment by Fine, Penalty, or Imprisonment for enforcing any Law of the Province made in relation to any Matter coming within any of the Clasees of Subjects enumerated in this Section.
- 16. Generally all Matters of a merely local or private Nature in the Province.

Education.

93. In and for each Province the Legislature may exclusively make Laws in Legislation relation to Education, subject and according to the following Provisions — respecting e (n.) Nothing in any such Law shall prejudicially affect any Right or Privilege tion. with respect to Denominational Schools which any Class of Persons have by Law in the Province at the Union :
(a) All the Power and Division and Division to the Union in the Province at the Union is a provide the Province at the Province at the Province at the Union is a provide the Province at the Province respecting educa-

- by Law in the Province at the Union:
 (a) All the Powers, Privileges, and Dukes at the Union by Law conferred and imposed in Upper Canada on the Separate Schools and School Trustees of the Queen's Roman Catholic Subjects shall be and the same are hereby extended to the Dissentient Schools of the Queen's Protestant and Roman Catholic Subjects in Quebec:
 (b) Where in any Province a Sustain of Computer at Dissentient Schools prists by
- (3.) Where in any Province a System of Separate or Dissentient Schools exists by Law at the Union, or is thereafter established by the Legislature of the Province, an Appeal shall lie to the Governor-General in Council from any Act or Decision of any Provincial Authority affecting any Right or Privilege of the Protestant or Roman Catholic Minority of the Queen's Subjects in relation to Education : (4.) In case any such Provincial Law as from Time to Time seems to the Governor
- General in Council requisite for the due Execution of the Provisions of this Section is not made, or in case any decision of the Governor General in Council on any Appeal under this Section is not duly executed by the proper Provincial Authority in that Behalf, then and in every such Case, and as far only as the Circumstances of each Case require, the Parliament of Concident or a state of the Section of the Case require, the Parliament
 - of Canada may make remedial Laws for the due Execution of the Provi-sions of this Section and of any Decision of the Governor General in Council under this Section.

Uniformity of Laws in Ontario, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick.

Legislation for 94. Notwithstanding anything in this Act, the Parliament of Canada may make uniformity of Provision for the Uniformity of all or any of the Laws relative to Property and Civil Laws in three Rights in Ontario, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, and of the Procedure of all Provinces.

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